Report

Town of Dedham, MA

2013 Year One Inflow Investigation

March 2014

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Town of Dedham, Massachusetts Weston & Sampson Project No. 2130225.A

March 18, 2014

Mr. Jason L. Mammone, P.E. Director of Engineering 55 River Street Dedham, Massachusetts 02026

Re: 2013 Year One Inflow Investigation

Dear Mr. Mammone:

Weston & Sampson is pleased to submit our report for the 2013 Year One Inflow Investigation which included smoke and dye testing within sewer subareas GG, KK, LL, OO, QQ, RR, and SS. A limited amount of smoke testing was also performed in sewer subarea XX in the Ledgewood Road area, at the town's request. These areas were selected for investigation because they were identified as likely to contribute inflow to the sanitary sewer system following the 2011 Town-Wide Flow Monitoring report. This report summarizes the results of the field work performed to identify sources of inflow to the sanitary sewer system. This report also presents a cost-effectiveness analysis (CEA) and preliminary design for rehabilitation of the identified inflow sources. The project areas are shown in Figure 1.

Project Description

The Town of Dedham, Massachusetts is a residential community located southwest of Boston. Wastewater collected in the town drains east toward Boston where it enters the MWRA interceptor. Flow is ultimately treated at the Deer Island Wastewater Treatment Plant. The town's wastewater collection system consists of approximately 95 miles of gravity sewer with an average daily flow of 4 million gallons per day (MGD). The Dedham sewer system is divided into 26 sewer subareas.

According to the DEP Guidelines for Conducting I/I Analyses and Sewer System Evaluation Survey (DEP Guidelines), sewer subareas that contribute at least 80 percent of the total inflow identified through monitoring are considered excessive. Based on data from the 2011 Town-Wide Flow Monitoring report, there were 14 sewer subareas contributing 80 percent of the peak flow that should be investigated for inflow. The 14 subareas are GG, HH, II, JJ, KK, LL, NN, OO, PP, QQ, RR, SS, TT and WW. The seven subareas that had the highest peak design storm inflow were investigated in 2012. The seven remaining subareas were investigated and included in this report.

Massachusetts Connecticut Rhode Island New Hampshire Vermont New York Pennsylvania New Jersey South Carolina Florida Mr. Jason L. Mammone, P.E. March 18, 2014 Page 2 of 7

Smoke Testing

Smoke testing consists of pumping a white, non-toxic smoke into the sanitary sewer collection system and observing the surrounding area for smoke escaping from the ground or from drainage structures. The appearance of smoke indicates either a direct or indirect connection through which surface runoff may enter the sewer system. Indirect sources include cracked pipes or offset joints in adjacent sewer and drain pipes that create an indirect connection between the drain and sewer systems. Direct sources include catch basins, driveway drains, patio drains, stairwell drains, yard drains or roof leaders, which discharge directly to the sewer system. It is assumed that 100 percent of direct inflow may be removed through rehabilitation.

An indirect source constitutes rain water that infiltrates into the ground before entering the sewer system at a sewer system defect, either in a manhole or in a sewer pipe. It is assumed that only 50 percent of indirect inflow may be removed through rehabilitation, as the rain water could possibly enter the sewer system at another defect that has yet to be identified. Indirect inflow sources can occur during a rain event when there is an opportunity for a drainage structure to be hydraulically connected to the sanitary sewer system. An example of this is a cracked service connection located below a cracked drain line. When a rain event occurs, rain water leaks out of the drain line, through the soil and into the cracked service connection.

Inflow sources contribute storm inflow to the sewer system. According to the DEP Guidelines, peak design storm inflow is defined as the peak amount of inflow that may enter the sanitary sewer during a one-year, six-hour storm event with an intensity of 0.87 inches per hour.

Smoke testing was performed by Weston & Sampson on approximately 148,000 linear feet (lf) of sanitary sewer in subareas GG, KK, LL, OO, QQ, RR, and SS, from September 9 to September 25, 2013. Twenty seven (27) defects were identified through smoke testing. Smoke Testing Defect Logs and photos for each defect are included in Appendix A. The defects are listed below:

Location	Defect No.	Description of Defect					
99 Wildwood Drive	1	Defective Cleanout (at grade)					
211 Central Avenue	2	Defective Cleanout (above grade)					
76 Sanderson Avenue	3	Manhole RR-120 with Vent Holes in Cover					
18 Sanderson Avenue 4 Manhole RR-90 with Vent Holes in							
82 Pratt Avenue	5	Moderate Smoke from Sump Hole (below grade)					
73 Dale Street	6	Open Cleanout (below grade)					
31 Cedar Street	7	Open Cleanout (below grade)					
39 Winthrop Street	8	Manhole RR-400 with Vent Hole in Cover					
140 Ashcroft Street	9	Manhole QQ-500 with Vent Holes in Cover					
71 Quincy Avenue	10	Driveway Drain					
75 Quincy Avenue	11	Driveway Drain					
31 Flanagan Place	12	Light Smoke from Catch Basin					
6 Liberty Street	13	Heavy Smoke from Broken Service					
61 Bussey Street	14	Moderate Smoke from Broken Service					

157 Robert Road	15	Driveway Drain
100 Robert Road	16	Light Smoke from Open Drain Outfall
1 Newcourt Lane	17	Heavy Smoke from Catch Basin (1)
1 Newcourt Lane	18	Light Smoke from Catch Basin (2)
27 Highland Street	19	Moderate Smoke from Catch Basin
832 High Street	20	Heavy Smoke from Manhole GG-170
832 High Street	21	Heavy Smoke from Manhole GG-160
57 Leonard Street	22	Driveway Drain
38 Leonard Street	23	Driveway Drain
81 Berlin Street	24	Driveway Drain
55 Thomas Street	25	Open Cleanout (at grade)
99 Ware Street	26	MWRA drain Manhole in Subarea KK with Hole in Cover
1 Newcourt Lane	27	Light Smoke from Catch Basin (3)

In addition to the 27 smoke testing defects described above, 33 suspect driveway drains, 7 suspect catch basins, 10 suspect roof leaders, and one (1) service connection manhole with a vent hole that did not smoke were identified during the testing. The suspect sources are considered as such because they discharge into the ground and their outlets were not visible.

Weston & Sampson identified additional I/I issues at two manholes. The cover of manhole SS-930 was cracked and should be replaced. Manhole SS-810 was surcharged during the time of smoke testing. Special attention and more detailed inspections should be conducted during future inspections of this area when the groundwater is at peak conditions.

Smoke testing defects and suspect sources are included in Table 1, *Smoke and Dye Testing Results*. Of the 78 total smoke testing and manhole defects and suspect sources, 62 required further investigation through dye testing or dye flooding.

The sewer vent pipes at 104 buildings did not smoke during the testing. These houses may be connected to a septic system, have an obstruction in their service lines or plumbing systems, or have traps on their service lines. A list of these buildings is included as Table 2, *Buildings With No Smoke From Sewer Vent*.

Dye Testing and Dye Flooding

Sources identified during the smoke testing process are usually confirmed by performing dye testing or dye flooding. Dye testing uses less than 10 gallons of water and is conducted by introducing dyed water into a suspected inflow source and observing the surrounding sewer and drain lines for the emergence of the dye. Appearance of dye in the sewer system indicates nature of the inflow source's connection to the sewer system.

Dye testing was necessary at 56 defect and suspect source locations to confirm their connection. Weston & Sampson performed dye testing of defects and suspect sources, identified through smoke testing, on October 2 and 3, 2013. Dye testing of defects and suspect sources included 39 driveway drains, 10 roof leaders and 7 catch basins. Eight of these defects were confirmed as connected to the sanitary sewer. The dye test results are summarized in Table 1.

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Dye flooding was necessary at 6 smoke testing defect locations to confirm their connection. Dye flooding uses more than 10 gallons of water and was performed on November 7 and 8, 2013. No dye flooded catch basins were identified as having direct or indirect connections to the sanitary sewer. The results are summarized in Table 1 and logs are included in Appendix B. The remaining 16 sources were visually confirmed to be positive defects or not connected to the sanitary sewer.

Cost-Effectiveness Analysis

In order to determine if rehabilitation is justified for a particular source of I/I, a CEA is conducted. The CEA compares the estimated cost for removing I/I to the estimated savings in transportation and treatment (T&T) costs resulting from the removal of I/I. T&T costs consist of capital costs to expand and upgrade the wastewater system plus annual Operation and Maintenance (O&M) costs. O&M costs are directly related to the quantity of flow being discharged to pump stations and treatment facilities. Increased usage will be reflected by increased O&M costs for electricity, cleaning, equipment repair, etc.

The calculated T&T cost for Dedham, using MWRA and the Town of Dedham's O&M and capital costs, is \$1.0563/gpd. In accordance with DEP Guidelines, the present worth of this T&T cost must be extended over the life of the rehabilitation method, estimated at 20 years, using a discount rate (or annual percentage rate) of 4.125% (DEP FY13). The present worth of the T&T costs for the Town of Dedham, assuming a 20-year rehabilitation life cycle, is \$14.20/gpd. The calculation is provided in the T&T Memo in Appendix C.

It should be noted that T&T costs can change annually. Therefore, if the recommended rehabilitation program included in this letter is not conducted within a year, it is recommended the T&T costs at the time of construction be compared to the value used for this analysis. Typically, if T&T costs increase, the amount of "cost-effective" rehabilitation may also increase.

The evaluation of cost-effectiveness for a particular I/I source is also based upon the portion of I/I that can be eliminated through rehabilitation. The percentage of I/I that can be removed depends on the source and the rehabilitation method. It is estimated that indirect inflow and infiltration sources are 50 percent removable because indirect inflow and infiltration can migrate from a rehabilitated location to a location that did not previously show a need for rehabilitation. This is identified in the CEA as "removable." The percentage of direct inflow removed is assumed to be 100 percent because direct inflow repairs typically involve the redirection of 100 percent of this flow to drainage structures.

The rehabilitation cost used in the CEA is based primarily on an estimate of the as-bid construction cost for the rehabilitation. Estimated rehabilitation costs were developed using prices from recent projects. The rehabilitation costs used in this report do not include the cost of additional investigation work or engineering services during design and construction. A list of rehabilitation unit costs used in the CEA is included in Appendix C.

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The MWRA Cost Effectiveness Analysis for I/I Sources, Table 3, shows the T&T cost associated with the observed I/I as well as recommended rehabilitation methods and costs. The CEA results produce one of three conclusions:

- *Excessive* indicates that the cost to rehabilitate the line segment is less than the associated T&T cost and that <u>rehabilitation is recommended</u>.
- Non-Excessive indicates that the cost to rehabilitate the line segment is more than the associated T&T cost and rehabilitation is not recommended.
- Non-Excessive Recommended indicates that the cost to rehabilitate is more than the T&T cost, but rehabilitation is still recommended due to the severity of the defect. Also, non-excessive recommended rehabilitations that are in need of structural repairs could become sources of infiltration or emergency collapses if the defect is not repaired. As degradation occurs these defects could lead to infiltration entering the sewer system at these structural defects.

The CEA identified:

- > 76,071 gpd of excessive removable peak design storm inflow and 2,160 gpd of excessive removable indirect inflow at an estimated rehabilitation cost of \$86,000. The associated T&T cost is \$1,110,880.
- > 0 gpd of non-excessive removable indirect inflow at an estimated rehabilitation cost of \$200.

The above figures total approximately 78,231 gpd of removable I/I that is excessive or recommended at an estimated rehabilitation cost of \$86,200. Approximately \$82,700 of the rehabilitation work is located on private property, as shown in Table 3.

Peak design storm inflow is calculated for the direct inflow sources identified during this investigation using the Rational Formula for runoff. A calculation is attached in Appendix C for reference.

Summary, Conclusions & Recommendations

Weston & Sampson performed smoke and dye testing in sewer subareas GG, KK, LL, OO, QQ, RR, and SS to identify sources of inflow to the sanitary sewer system. These areas had high quantities of inflow based on the data from the 2011 Town-Wide Flow Monitoring Program. Smoke and dye testing of approximately 148,000 lf of sewers were completed in these areas.

The following is a summary of our recommendations for removing the sources of I/I identified through smoke testing:

Install six cleanout caps:

1,200

Install five manhole inflow dishes:

\$ 1,000

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Install two watertight frames and covers:	\$ 2,500
Redirect two Catch Basins:	\$ 30,000
Redirect five Driveway Drains:	\$ 37,500
Replace two service connections (open cut):	\$ 14,000
Total Estimated Construction Cost:	\$ 86,200
Contingency (approximately 25% of construction):	\$ 21,550
Total Estimated Cost:	<u>\$107,750</u>

Approximately 2,321,106 gpd of peak design storm inflow was estimated in the 2012 Annual Program draft report for the seven subareas investigated in this project. A total of 78,231 gpd of peak design storm inflow was identified during smoke testing. This accounts for approximately 3.4% of the estimated peak design storm inflow. There is a large portion of inflow that is entering the sewer system that was not accounted for during this project. It is recommended that the town attempt to identify this excessive inflow by investigating potential private inflow sources through building inspections. Building inspections are an effective way to identify private inflow sources. However, a Private Inflow Removal Policy should be adopted by the town prior to performing building inspections.

A Private Inflow Removal Policy should be established to address the repair of defects which are located on private property and the identification of new private inflow sources. Inflow removal on private property can be a challenging task for communities seeking to reduce wet weather flows. Working with homeowners can be difficult and presents complex liability issues that may be undesirable for the town to undertake. Our experience has shown that a combination of town support, either through amnesty or financial programs (incentive or reimbursement), public education, and follow-up is essential to a successful Private Inflow Removal program.

Weston & Sampson can provide suggestions for components of a Private Inflow Removal Policy. The Town of Dedham will need to determine which components will garner the most success based on political climate, financial capabilities and accepting private inflow discharges. We are available to meet with the town to discuss those options and assist in developing a policy to be adopted.

It is recommended that smoke testing be continued in the following subareas: AA, BB, CC, DD, EE, FF, MM, UU, VV, XX, YY, and ZZ. These subareas represent approximately 192,700 lf of sewer lines and have an estimated peak design storm inflow of 1,688,000 gpd based on 2011 Town-Wide Flow Monitoring Report. The projected cost for smoke testing is \$117,000.

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We wish to thank you and the members of the Engineering Department staff for their assistance while completing this project. We are available to meet with you at your earliest convenience to discuss this report. Please do not hesitate to contact me at (978) 532-1900 with any questions or comments you may have.

Very truly yours,

WESTON & SAMPSON

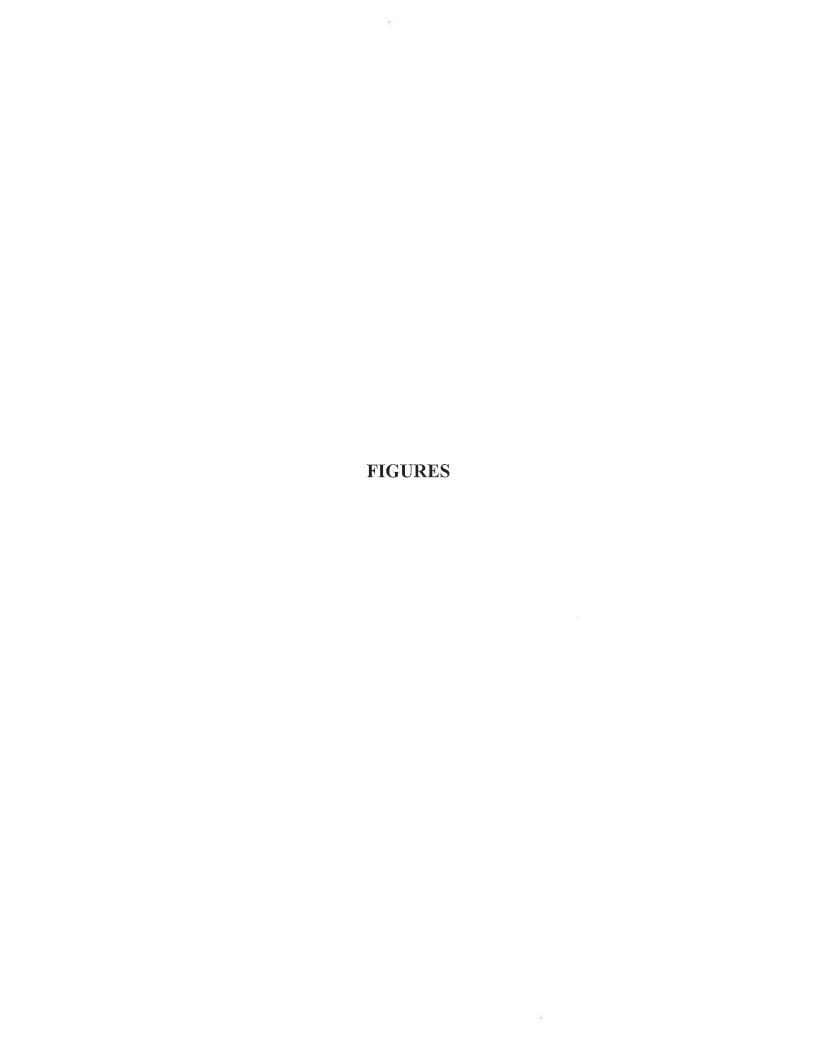
Donald G. Gallucci, P.E.

Program Manager

cc: Ronald Lawrence, Project Engineer

Deborah A. Finnigan, P.E., Infrastructure Engineer

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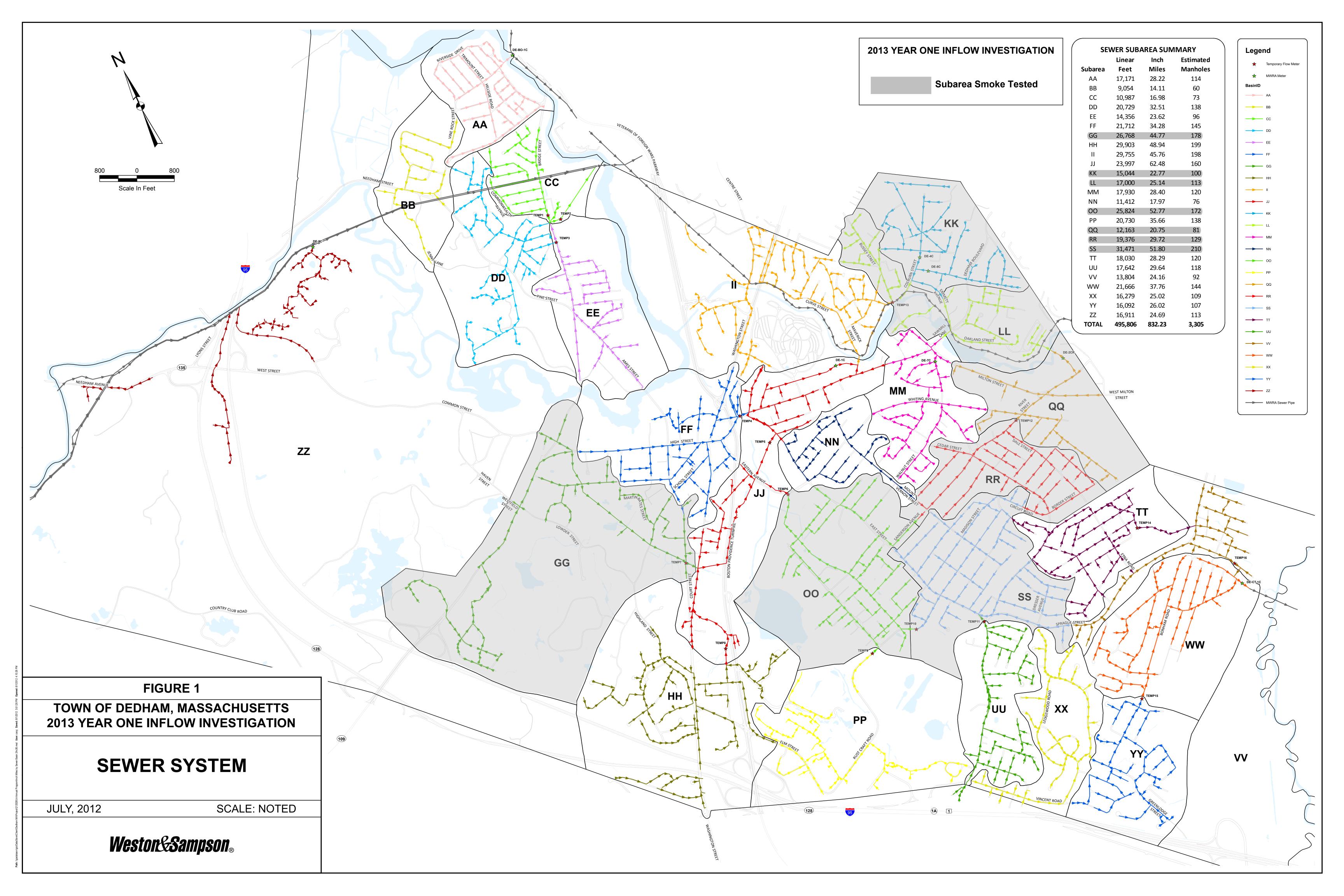




TABLE 1
SMOKE AND DYE TESTING RESULTS
Dedham, Massachusetts - Year One Inflow Investigations

		T 1			Т				Inf	low	
		Defect		Source Location	Smo	ke Test R	lesult	Dye Test/Flood	Peak Design Storm	Peak Indirect	
Location	Subarea	No.	Description of Defect	(Public/Private)		Light	-	Result	Inflow (GPD)	Inflow (GPD) ¹	Recommendation
99 Wildwood Drive	OO	110.	Defective Cleanout Cap (at grade)	Private	Heavy	X	None	No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	98	0	Replace Cleanout Cap at 99 Wildwood Drive
211 Central Avenue	00	2	Defective Cleanout Cap (at grade) Defective Cleanout Cap (above grade)	Private		X	1	No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	0	0	Replace Cleanout Cap at 211 Central Avenue
76 Sanderson Avenue	RR	3	Manhole RR-120 - Holes in Cover	Public		X		No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	587	0	Install Inflow Dish for SMH RR-120
18 Sanderson Avenue	RR	4	Manhole RR-90 - Holes in Cover	Public		x		No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	1,762	0	Install Inflow Dish for SMH RR-121
82 Pratt Avenue	RR	5	Sump hole in basement floor - Suspected Open Cleanout Cap (below grade)	Private	х			No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	11,980	0	Install Cleanout Cap at 82 Pratt Avenue
73 Dale Street	RR	6	Open Cleanout Cap (below grade)	Private	X	_		No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	15,621	0	Install Cleanout Cap at 73 Dale Street
31 Cedar Street	RR	7	Open Cleanout Cap (below grade)	Private	X			No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	4,005	0	Install Cleanout Cap at 31 Cedar Street
39 Winthrop Street	RR	8	Manhole RR-400 - Hole in Cover	Public	<u> </u>	x		No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	294	0	Install Inflow Dish for SMH RR-400
140 Ashcroft Street	QQ	9	Manhole QQ-500 - Holes in Cover	Public	x			No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	587	0	Install Inflow DIsh for SMH QQ-500
71 Quincy Avenue	QQ	10	Driveway Drain	Private	X			Dye Observed in SMH QQ-380	8,785	0	Block Outgoing PVC only
75 Quincy Avenue	QQ	11	Indirect Driveway Drain	Private	X	1		Negative	0	1,440	
31 Flanagan Place	QQ	12	Indirect Briveway Brain	Public	-	x		Negative	0	1,440	
6 Liberty Street	LL	13	Broken service connection	Private	X	 		N/A	0	720	
61 Bussey Street	LL	14	Broken service connection	Private	X			N/A	0	720	
157 Robert Road	GG	15	Driveway Drain	Private	X	1		Dye Observed in SMH GG-510	10.336	0	Redirect Driveway Drain at 157 Robert Road
100 Robert Road	GG	16	Outfall with Light Smoke	Public	<u> </u>	x		Negatiuve	0	0	
1 Newcourt Lane	GG	17	Catch Basin directly connected to sewer	Private	x	 ^		Dye Observed in SMH GG-1370 and SMH GG-1380	7,611	0	Redirect Catch Basin from SMH GG-1380
1 Newcourt Lane	GG	18	Catch Basin directly connected to sewer	Private	1 ^ -	x		Dye Observed in SMH GG-1370 and SMH GG-1381	4,228	0	Redirect Catch Basin from SMH GG-1380
27 Highland Street	GG	19	Catch Basin Smoking from Brick Walls	Public	X	_^	-	Negative	0	0	Tourist Such Bush Both Britis Go 1900
832 High Street	GG	20	Manhole GG-170 with loose frame and holes in cover	Public	X	1		No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	0	1,440	Install Watertight Frame and Cover for SMH GG-170
	GG	21	Manhole GG-160 with loose frame and holes in cover	Public	X			No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	0	1,440	Install Watertight Frame and Cover for SMH GG-160
832 High Street				Private	X	-		Dye Observed in SMH KK-500	2,854	0	Redirect Driveway Drain at 57 Leonard Street
57 Leonard Street	KK	22	Driveway Drain	Private		_		Dye Observed in SMH KK-490	3,065	0	Redirect Driveway Drain at 38 Leonard Street
38 Leonard Street	KK	23	Driveway Drain	Private	X		-	Dye Observed in SMH KK-490	2,960	0	Redirect Driveway Drain at 81 Berlin Street
81 Berlin Street	KK	24	Driveway Drain	Private	X	-		No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	98	0	Install Cleanout Cap at 55 Thomas Street
55 Thomas Street	KK	25	Open Cleanout Cap (below grade)	Public	X		_	N/A	0	0	instan Cleanout Cap at 33 Thomas Street
99 Ware Street	KK	26	MWRA Drain Manhole with Holes in Cover		-	X		Dye Observed in SMH GG-1370 and SMH GG-1380	600	0	Redirect Catch Basin from SMH GG -1380
1 Newcourt Lane	GG	27	Catch Basin directly connected to sewer	Private	-		X	Negative	0	0	Reditect Catch Basin from Sivili GG -1380
163 Central Avenue	00	Suspect 1	Driveway Drain	Private	-		X		0	0	
155 Central Avenue	00	Suspect 2	Driveway Drain	Private		+	X	Negative Negative	0	0	
34 Arrowhead Lane	00	Suspect 3	Driveway Drain	Private	-	-	X	Negative	0	0	
142 West Jersey Street		Suspect 4	Driveway Drain	Private Private	-		X	Negative	0	0	
146 West Jersey Street	00	Suspect 5	Driveway Drain			-	X	Negative	0	0	
148 Fairbanks Road	00	Suspect 6	Driveway Drain	Private Private			X	Negative	0	0	
32 Mckinley Avenue	00	Suspect 7	Driveway Drain	Private				Negative	0	0	
65 Wentworth Street	00	Suspect 8	Driveway Drain				X	Negative	0	0	
18 Durant Avenue Monroe Street at East	SS	Suspect 9 Suspect 10	Catch Basin in grass along Durant Avenue. Catch Basin with hood	Private Public			X	Negative	0	0	
Street	00			D-it-	-			Magatiya	0	0	
709 East Street	SS	Suspect 11	Driveway Drain	Private	-	-	Х	Negative	0	0	
23 Ford Street	SS	Suspect 12	Driveway Drain	Private		-	X	Negative	0	0	
24 Ford Street	SS	Suspect 13	Driveway Drain	Private			X	Negative	0	0	
799 East Street	SS	Suspect 14	Driveway Drain	Private		-	X	Negative	0	0	
127 Jefferson Street	SS	Suspect 15	Driveway Drain	Private	-		Х	Negative Negative	0	0	
92 Dartmouth Avenue	RR	Suspect 16	Roof Leader	Private	_	-	X		0	0	
17 Cedar Street	RR	Suspect 17	Roof Leader (1)	Private Private		-	X	Negative Negative	0	0	
17 Cedar Street	RR	Suspect 18	Roof Leader (2)		-	 	X		0	0	
22 Dartmouth Avenue	RR	Suspect 19	Driveway Drain	Private		1	X	Negative Negative	0	0	
86 Lincoln Street	RR	Suspect 20	Catch Basin with hood (1)	Public	-		X	Negative	0	0	
86 Lincoln Street	RR	Suspect 21	Catch Basin with hood (2)	Public		-	X	Negative	0	0	
14 Russell Road	RR	Suspect 22	Driveway Drain	Private	-	-	X	Negative	0	0	
48 Reed Street	RR	Suspect 23	Roof Leader	Private	-		X	Negative	0	0	
18 Wood Road	SS	Suspect 24	Driveway Drain	Private	-	-	X	Negative	0	0	
6 Fairvew Street	QQ	Suspect 25	Roof Leader	Private			X	Negative	0	0	
408 Whiting Avenue	QQ	Suspect 26	Catch Basin with hood (1)	Public	-		X	Negative			
408 Whiting Avenue	QQ	Suspect 27	Catch Basin with hood (2)	Public	-		X	Negative	0	0	
408 Whiting Avenue	QQ	Suspect 28	Catch Basin with hood (3)	Public		_	Х	Negative N. D. T. (1) C. C. (1)	0	0	Install Ind Ti-l-
171 Milton Street	QQ	Suspect 29	Service Manhole with one Vent Hole	Public			X	No Dye Test Performed, Visual Confirmation	600	0	Install Inflow Dish
41 Paradise Lane	QQ	Suspect 30	Cast Iron Roof Leader	Private		-	X	Negative	0	0	
11 Russel Road	LL	Suspect 31	Driveway Drain (1)	Private			X	Negative	0	0	=i
11 Russel Road	LL	Suspect 32	Driveway Drain (2)	Private		l .	x	Negative	0	0	

TABLE 1
SMOKE AND DYE TESTING RESULTS
Dedham, Massachusetts - Year One Inflow Investigations

									Inflow		
		Defect		Source Location	Smo	ke Test R	esult	Dye Test/Flood	Peak Design Storm	Peak Indirect	
Location	Subarea	No.	Description of Defect	(Public/Private)	Heavy	Light	None	Result	Inflow (GPD)	Inflow (GPD) ¹	Recommendation
58 Thomas Street	LL	Suspect 33	Roof Leader	Private			X	Negative	0	0	
60 Thomas Street	LL	Suspect 34	Driveway Drain	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
45 Congress Place	LL	Suspect 35	Driveway Drain	Private			X	Negative	0	0	
26 Oakland Street	LL	Suspect 36	Driveway Drain	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
29 Birch Street	LL	Suspect 37	Driveway Drain	Private			X	Negative	0	0	
33 Fleming Street	LL	Suspect 38	Driveway Drain with Hood	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
128 Booth Road	GG	Suspect 39	Roof Leader	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
21 Booth Road	GG	Suspect 40	Driveway Drain	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
103 Court Street	GG	Suspect 41	Driveway Drain	Private			Х	Negative	0	0	
20 Highland Street	GG	Suspect 42	Driveway Drain	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
50 Martin Bates Road	GG	Suspect 43	Roof Leader	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
42 Martin Bates Road	GG	Suspect 44	Roof Leader	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
69 Common Street	GG	Suspect 45	Driveway Drain	Private			Х	Negative	0	0	
119 Harding Terrace	KK	Suspect 46	Driveway Drain	Private			Х	Negative	0	0	
75 Berlin Street	KK	Suspect 47	Driveway Drain	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
112 Whitehall Street	KK	Suspect 48	Driveway Drain	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
11 Cleveland Street	KK	Suspect 49	Driveway Drain (1)	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
11 Cleveland Street	KK	Suspect 50	Driveway Drain (2)	Private			х	Negative	0	0	
49 Whitehall Street	KK	Suspect 51	Driveway Drain	Private			х	Negative	0	0	

 Total Public
 3,830
 4,320

 Total Private
 72,241
 2,880

 Total
 76,071
 7,200

NOTE:

^{1 -} Indirect Inflow is assumed to be at least 720 GPD for lateral defects, 1,440 GPD for manhole defects and 2,880 GPD for mainline defects.

TABLE 2
BUILDINGS WITH NO SMOKE FROM SEWER VENT
Dedham, Massachusetts - Year One Inflow Investigations

Subarea	House No.	Street Name
GG	92	Booth Road
GG	74	Booth Road
GG	21	Booth Road
GG	225	Court Street
GG	120	Court Street
GG	27	Martin Bates Street
GG	1133	High Street
GG	1123	High Street
GG	235	Lowder Street
GG	1061	High Street
GG	1031	High Street
KK	133	Harding Terrace
KK	103	Greenhood Street
KK	182	Harding Terrace
KK	94	Dedham Boulevard
KK	100	Dedham Boulevard
LL	61	Veterans Road
LL	67	Veterans Road
LL	21	Hanson Street
LL	11	Hanson Street
LL	5	Hanson Street
LL	17	Rowan Street
LL	20	Fleming Street
LL	33	Fleming Street
LL	25	Fleming Street
LL	182	Colburn Street
LL	173	Colburn Street
LL	83	Thomas Street
LL	78	Thomas Street
LL	63	Clisby Avenue
LL	70	Clisby Avenue
LL	54	Clisby Avenue
LL	45	Congress Place
LL	55	Sherwood Street
LL	77	Leonard Avenue
LL	75	Leonard Avenue
LL	71	Emmet Avenue
LL	83	Emmet Avenue
LL	31	Lewis Lane
LL	162	Dedham Boulevard
LL	115	Rockland Street
LL	99	Bussey Street
LL	21	Clisby Avenue
LL	21	Congress Place
OO	535	East Street
00	11	Puritan Lane
OO	45	Ice House Lane
00	37	Ice House Lane
00	112	Wentworth Street
00	75	Mckinley Avenue
00	343	Mckinley Avenue
00	287	Madison Street
00	18	Drayton Road

TABLE 2 BUILDINGS WITH NO SMOKE FROM SEWER VENT Dedham, Massachusetts - Year One Inflow Investigations

Subarea	House No.	Street Name
QQ	374	Whiting Avenue
QQ	15	Atkins Street
QQ	11	River Street
QQ	15	River Street
QQ	42	Ashcroft Street
QQ	50	Ashcroft Street
QQ	94	Quincy Avenue
QQ	442	Whiting Avenue Extension
QQ	21	River Street
QQ	25	River Street
RR	60	Sanderson Avenue
RR	133	Quincy Avenue
RR	47	Dale Street
RR	105	Oakdale Avenue
RR	37	Border Street
RR	30	Benjamin Street
RR	99	Dale Street
RR	98	Dale Street
RR	62	Cedar Sreet
RR	63	Lincoln Street
RR	48	Winthrop Street
RR	6	Prevett Terrace
RR	147	Oakdale Avenue
RR	130	Dale Street
RR	178	Dale Street
RR	39	Border Street
RR	41	Border Street
RR	65	Reed Street
SS	36	Dresser Avenue
SS	23	Dresser Avenue
SS	138	Sprague Street
SS	390	Sprague Street
SS	870	East Street
SS	878	East Street
SS	885	East Street
SS	709	East Street
SS	188	Madison Street
SS	154	Adams Street
SS	208	Adams Street
SS	58	Hamilton Avenue
SS SS		
SS	31	Rustcraft Road
	146	Jefferson Street
SS	120	Jefferson Street
SS	112	Jefferson Street
SS	85	Grant Avenue
SS	86	Madison Street
SS	112	Adams Street *
SS	210	Jefferson Street
SS	178	Jefferson Street
SS	146	Jefferson Street
SS	28	Netta Road

Total Buildings

¹⁰⁴

^{*} Secondary vent smoking, Primary vent no smoke.

TABLE 3

MWRA COST EFFECTIVENESS ANALYSIS FOR I/I SOURCES

Dedham, Massachusetts - Year One Inflow Investigations

					Direct Inflow	Indirect Inflow					
		Defect		Source Location	Peak Design Storm	Peak Indirect	Removable Peak	MWRA T&T	Recommended	Rehabilitation	N2 0 121
Location	Subarea	No.	Description of Defect	(Public/Private)	Inflow (GPD)	Inflow (GPD) ¹	Indirect Inflow (GPD)	Cost	Rehabilitation	Cost	Conclusion
99 Wildwood Drive	00	1	Defective Cleanout Cap (at grade)	Private	98	0	0	\$1,392	Install Cleanout Cap at 99 Wildwood Drive	\$200	Excessive
211 Central Avenue	00	2	Defective Cleanout Cap (above grade)	Private	0	0	0	\$0	Install Cleanout Cap at 211 Central Avenue	\$200	Non-Excessive
76 Sanderson Avenue	RR	3	Manhole RR-120 - Holes in Cover	Public	587	0	0	\$8,335	Install Inflow Dish	\$200	Excessive
18 Sanderson Avenue	RR	4	Manhole RR-90 - Holes in Cover	Public	1,762	0	0	\$25,020	Install Inflow Dish	\$200	Excessive
82 Pratt Avenue	RR	5	Sump hole in basement floor - Suspected Open Cleanout Cap (below grade)	Private	11,980	0	0	\$170,116	Install Cleanout Cap at 82 Pratt Avenue	\$200	Excessive
73 Dale Street	RR	6	Open Cleanout Cap (below grade)	Private	15,621	0	0	\$221,818	Install Cleanout Cap at 73 Dale Street	\$200	Excessive
31 Cedar Street	RR	7	Open Cleanout Cap (below grade)	Private	4,005	0	0	\$56,871	Install Cleanout Cap at 31 Cedar Street	\$200	Excessive
39 Winthrop Street	RR	8	Manhole RR-400 - Hole in Cover	Public	294	0	0	\$4,175	Install Inflow Dish	\$200	Excessive
140 Ashcroft Street	QQ	9	Manhole QQ-500 - Holes in Cover	Public	587	0	0	\$8,335	Install Inflow Dish	\$200	Excessive
71 Quincy Avenue	QQ	10	Driveway Drain	Private	8,785	0	0	\$124,747	Redirect Driveway Drain at 71 Quincy Avenue	\$7,500	Excessive
6 Liberty Street	LL	13	Broken service connection	Private	0	720	360	\$10,224	Open Cut Point Repair (Station Unknown / TV Required)	\$7,000	Excessive
61 Bussey Street	LL	14	Broken service connection	Private	0	720	360	\$10,224	Open Cut Point Repair (Station Unknown / TV Required)	\$7,000	Excessive
157 Robert Road	GG	15	Driveway Drain	Private	10,336	0	0	\$146,771	Redirect Driveway Drain at 157 Robert Road	\$7,500	Excessive
1 Newcourt Lane	GG	17	Catch Basin directly connected to sewer	Private	7,611	0	0	\$108,076	Redirect Catch Basin from SMH GG-1380	\$15,000	Excessive
1 Newcourt Lane	GG	18	Catch Basin directly connected to sewer	Private	4,228	0	0	\$60,038	Cost included in Defect 17 Rehabilitation	\$0	Excessive
832 High Street	GG	20	Manhole GG-170 with loose frame and holes in cover	Public	0	1,440	720	\$20,448	Install Watertight Frame and Cover for SMH GG-170	\$1,250	Excessive
832 High Street	GG	21	Manhole GG-160 with loose frame and holes in cover	Public	0	1,440	720	\$20,448	Install Watertight Frame and Cover for SMH GG-160	\$1,250	Excessive
57 Leonard Street	KK	22	Driveway Drain	Private	2,854	0	0	\$40,527	Redirect Driveway Drain at 57 Leonard Street	\$7,500	Excessive
38 Leonard Street	KK	23	Driveway Drain	Private	3,065	0	0	\$43,523	Redirect Driveway Drain at 38 Leonard Street	\$7,500	Excessive
81 Berlin Street	KK	24	Driveway Drain	Private	2,960	0	0	\$42,032	Redirect Driveway Drain at 81 Berlin Street	\$7,500	Excessive
55 Thomas Street	KK	25	Open Cleanout Cap (below grade)	Private	98	0	0	\$1,392	Install Cleanout Cap at 55 Thomas Street	\$200	Excessive
99 Ware Street	KK	26	MWRA Drain Manhole with Holes in Cover	Public	0	0	0	\$0	No Rehabilitation Required	\$0	N/A
1 Newcourt Lane	GG	27	Catch Basin directly connected to sewer	Private	600	0	0	\$8.520	Redirect Catch Basin from SMH GG-1380	\$15,000	Excessive
171 Milton Street		Suspect 25		Public	600	0	0	\$8,520	Install Inflow Dish	\$200	Excessive

\$3,500	Total Excessive Public:	\$95,282	1,440	2,880	3,830	Total Excessive Public:
\$0	Total Non-Excessive Recommended Public:	\$0	0	0	0	Total Non-Excessive Recommended Public:
\$0	Total Non-Excessive Public:	\$0	0	0	0	Total Non-Excessive Public:
\$82,500	Total Excessive Private:	\$1,046,270	720	1,440	72,241	Total Excessive Private:
\$0	Total Non-Excessive Recommended Private:	\$0	0	0	0	Total Non-Excessive Recommended Private:
\$200	Total Non-Excessive Private:	\$0	0	0	0	Total Non-Excessive Private:
		\$1,141,552	2,160	4,320	76,071	Total:
\$86,200	Total:	\$1,110,880	2,160	N/A	76,071	Total Removable:

1 - Indirect Inflow is assumed to be at least 720 GPD for lateral defects, 1,440 GPD for manhole defects and 2,880 GPD for mainline defects.

APPENDIX A SMOKE TESTING DEFECT LOGS SMOKE TESTING DEFECT PHOTOS

ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: __09/09/13 ___ DEFECT: __1 __ thru __1

OWNER: Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____1___

MAP NO.: OO

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: PMC, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 99 Wildwood Drive

		Drainage		Severity				
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)	
1	Defective Cleanout Cap	5' x 5'	Grass			Х	1	

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE () DRAINAGE AREA 🚟

\peabody2003\project\Dedham MA\2130225 - Year One Inflow Investigations\Field Notes\Smoke Testing Sketches\[Dedham 2013 Smoke Testing - Defect 1 (Sketch Log xiax|Defect 1 (Sketch 1)



ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson DATE: 09/09/13 DEFECT: 2 thru 2

OWNER: _____ Town of Dedham ____ SKETCH NO.: ____ 2 ___ MAP NO.: ____ OO

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing CREW: PMC, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 211 Central Avenue

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
2	Defective Cleanout Cap	0	Above Grade			Х	2

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE O
DRAINAGE AREA



ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/12/13

DEFECT: __3__ thru ___3__

OWNER: Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____3____

MAP NO.: RR

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: PMC, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 76 Sanderson Avenue

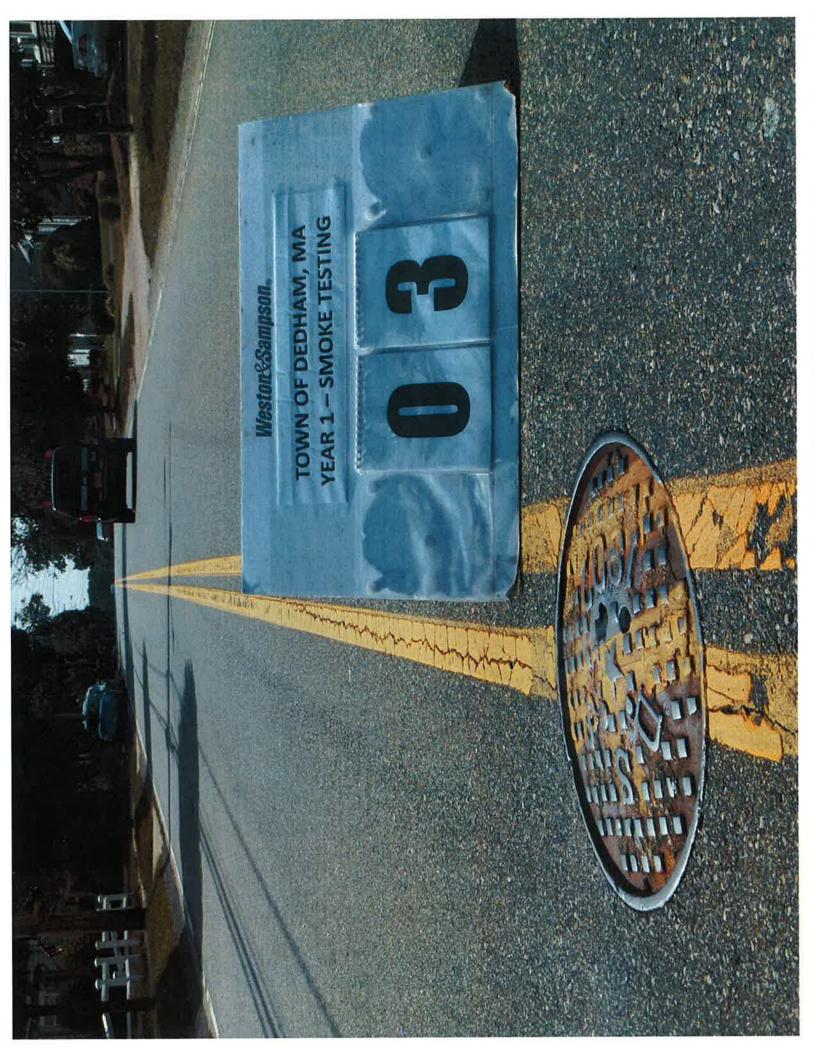
		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
3	MH RR-120 - Holes in Cover	10' x 5'	Asphalt			Х	3
							-
							-

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE ()

DRAINAGE AREA



ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson DATE: 09/12/13 DEFECT: 4 thru 4

OWNER: ____Town of Dedham ____ SKETCH NO.: ____4 ___ MAP NO.: ____RR

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing CREW: PMC, MJD, JC

LOCATION: __18 Sanderson Avenue

		Drainage	Surface	Severity			Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
4	MH RR-90 - Holes in Cover	30' x 5'	Asphalt			Х	4

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE O



ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/16/13

DEFECT: __5__ thru ___5__

OWNER: Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____5___

MAP NO.: RR

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: NEM, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 82 Pratt Avenue

		Drainage	Surface	Severity			Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
5	Sump hole in basement floor with suspected open cleanout below grade covered with crushed stone.	1020	Concrete		х		5

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE () DRAINAGE AREA



ENGINEER:	Weston & Sampson	DATE:09/16/13	DEFECT:	6 thru 6
OWNER:	Town of Dedham	SKETCH NO.:6	MAP NO.:_	RR
PROJECT:	Fall 2013 Smoke Testing		CREW:	NEM, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 73 Dale Street

		Drainage	Surface	Severity			Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
6	Open cleanout cap below grade.	1,330	Concrete		Х		6

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE O



ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: __09/16/13 ____ DEFECT: __7 ___ thru ___7__

OWNER: Town of Dedham

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: NEM, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 31 Cedar Street

		Drainage	Surface	Severity			Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
7	Open cleanout cap below grade found by Ron Lawrence. No photo taken.	340	Concrete		Х		5 2
					-		

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE ()

DRAINAGE AREA

OWNER: _____Town of Dedham ____ SKETCH NO.: _____8 ___ MAP NO.: _____RR

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing CREW: NEM, MJD, JC

LOCATION: Winthrop Street

		Drainage	Surface	Severity			Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
8	Manhole RR-400 with one vent hole.	25	Asphalt			х	8, 8A

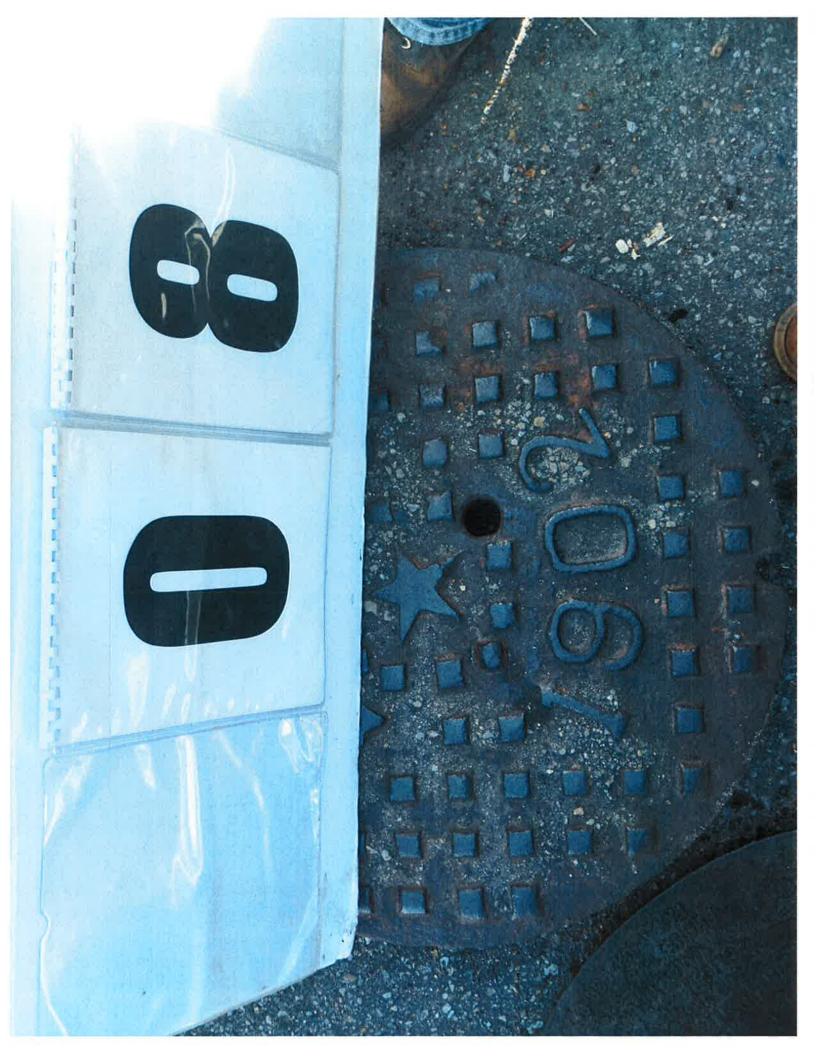
SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE O

TOWN OF DEDHAM, MA

YEAR 1 - SMOKE TESTING



ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: __09/17/13__

DEFECT: __9__ thru ___9__

OWNER: Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____9___

MAP NO.: QQ

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: NEM, MJD, JC

LOCATION: Ashcroft Street

		Drainage	Surface	Severity			Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
9	Manhole QQ-500 with vent holes.	50	Asphalt			Х	9

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE () DRAINAGE AREA WestoneSampson

TOWN OF DEDHAM, MA YEAR 1 – SMOKE TESTING

S

ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/18/13

DEFECT: __10__ thru __11__

OWNER:

Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____10____

MAP NO.: QQ

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: NEM, MJD, JC

LOCATION: Quincy Avenue

		Drainage	Surface	Severity			Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
10	Driveway Drain.	748	Asphalt	х			10
11	Driveway Drain.	2381	Asphalt	Х			11

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE () DRAINAGE AREA





ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson DATE: 09/18/13 DEFECT: 12 thru 12

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing CREW: NEM, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 31 Flanagan Place

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
12	Indirect Public Catch Basin - 6" service connection between end manhole and 28 Flanagan Place.	925	Asphalt	х			12

SKETCH:





ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/19/13

DEFECT: 13 thru 13

OWNER: Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____12____

MAP NO.: _____LL

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: NEM, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 6 Liberty Street

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
13	Broken Service Connection.	100	Grass		Х		13

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE ()

DRAINAGE AREA



 ENGINEER:
 Weston & Sampson
 DATE:
 09/19/13
 DEFECT:
 14
 thru
 14

 OWNER:
 Town of Dedham
 SKETCH NO.:
 13
 MAP NO.:
 LL
 LL

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing CREW: NEM, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 61 Bussey Street

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
14	Broken Service Connection.	576	Asphalt		Х		14

SKETCH:





 ENGINEER:
 Weston & Sampson
 DATE:
 09/20/13
 DEFECT:
 15
 thru
 15

OWNER: Town of Dedham SKETCH NO.: 14 MAP NO.: GG

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing CREW: LD, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 157 Robert Road

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
15	Driveway Drain with Sump Pump.	880	Asphalt	Х			15

SKETCH:





ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/20/13

DEFECT: __16__ thru ___16__

OWNER: Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____15

MAP NO.: GG

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: LD, MJD, JC

LOCATION: ____100 Robert Road

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
16	Drainage Outfall with light smoke.	0	Grass			Х	16

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE ()

DRAINAGE AREA



OWNER: _____Town of Dedham___ SKETCH NO.: _____16__ MAP NO.: _____GG

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing CREW: LD, MJD, JC

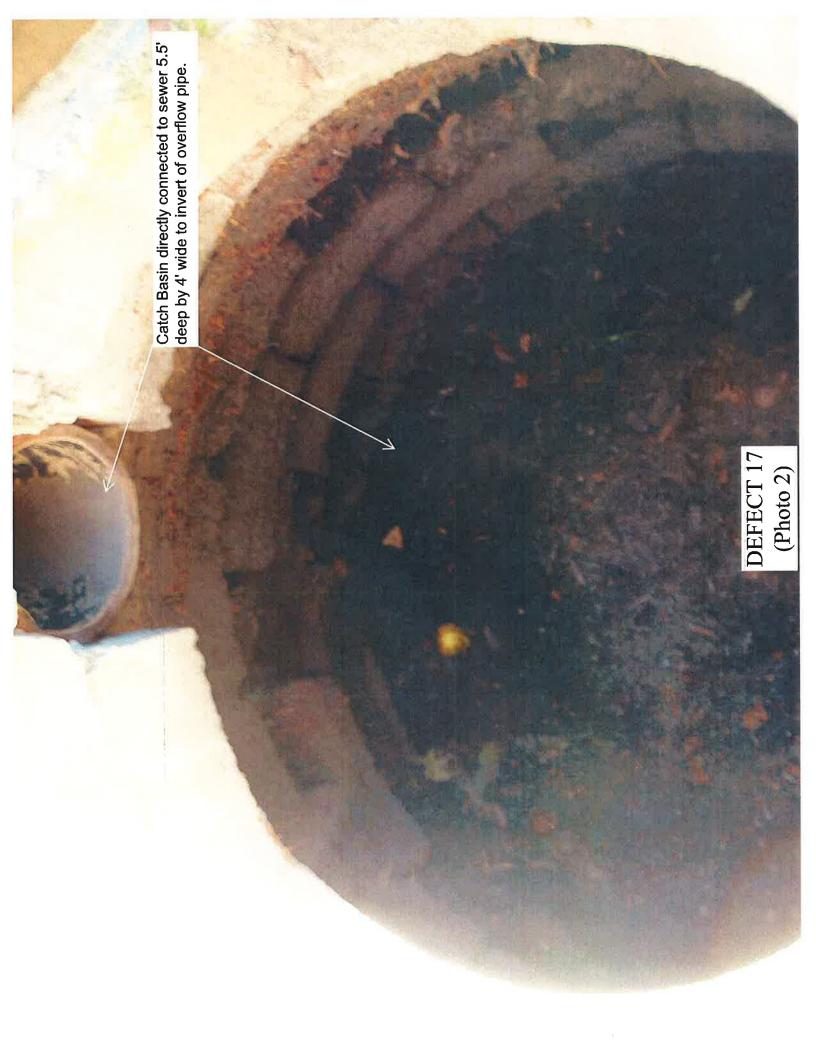
LOCATION: 1 Newcourt Lane

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
17	Catch Basin directly connected to sewer 5.5' deep by 4' wide to invert of overflow pipe.	648	Asphalt	х			17,17A
18	Catch Basin directly connected to sewer 5.5' deep by 4' wide to invert of overflow pipe.	360	Asphalt	х			18
27	Catch Basin directly connected to sewer 5.5' deep by 4' wide to invert of overflow pipe. (No Photo)	600	Asphalt	х			

SKETCH:









ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/20/13

DEFECT: __19__ thru __19__

OWNER: Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____17

MAP NO.: _____GG

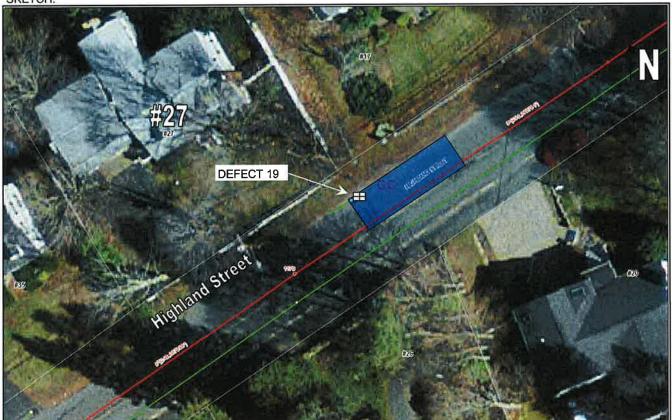
PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

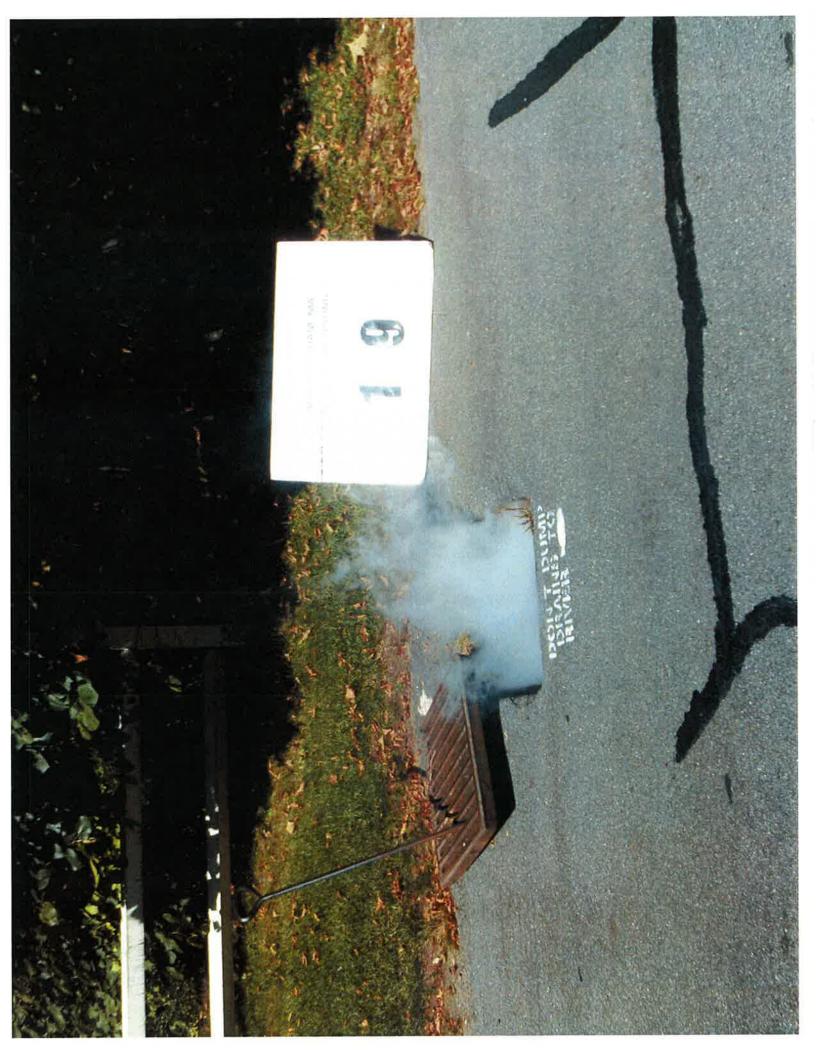
CREW: LD, MJD, JC

LOCATION: 27 Highland Street

		Drainage	Surface		Severity	15	Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
19	Catch Basin Indirectly connected to sewer. Smoke leaking in from brick walls.	480	Asphalt		х		19

SKETCH:





ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/24/13

DEFECT: __20__ thru __21__

OWNER: Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____18____

MAP NO.: _____ GG

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: PMC, MJD

LOCATION: 832 High Street & 19 Guild Road

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
20	MH GG 170 with loose frame and vent holes in cover.		Grass		Х		20
21	MH GG 160 with loose frame and vent holes in cover.		Grass		X		21

SKETCH:







ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson DATE: 09/24/13 DEFECT: 22 thru 22

OWNER: ____Town of Dedham___ SKETCH NO.: ____19___ MAP NO.: ____KK

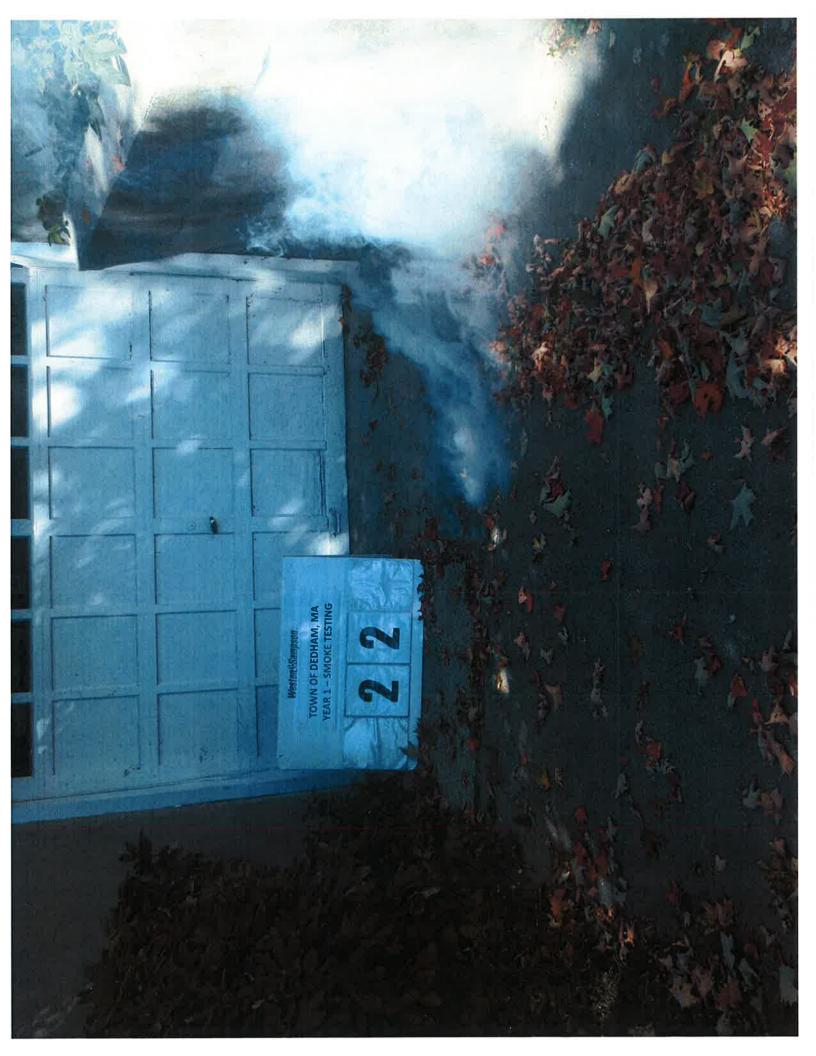
PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing CREW: PMC, MJD

LOCATION: 57 Leonard Street

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
22	Driveway Drain.	243	Asphalt	х			22

SKETCH:





ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/24/13

DEFECT: __23___ thru ___23__

OWNER:

Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____20____

MAP NO.: KK

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: PMC, MJD

LOCATION: ____38 Leonard Street

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
23	Driveway Drain.	261	Asphalt	Х			23

SKETCH:



DEFECT SOURCE ()

DRAINAGE AREA



ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/24/13 DEFECT: 24 thru 24

OWNER: Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____21____

MAP NO.: _____KK

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: PMC, MJD

LOCATION: 81 Berlin Street

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
24	Driveway Drain.	252	Asphalt	×			24





ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/24/13

DEFECT: <u>25</u> thru <u>25</u>

OWNER: Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: 22

MAP NO.: kk

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: PMC, MJD

LOCATION: 55 Thomas Street

		Drainage	Surface		Severity		Picture
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
25	Missing Exterior Cleanout Cap.	25	Grass			Х	25

SKETCH:





ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DATE: 09/24/13

DEFECT: __26___ thru ___26__

OWNER:

Town of Dedham

SKETCH NO.: _____23____

MAP NO.: KK

PROJECT: Fall 2013 Smoke Testing

CREW: PMC, MJD

LOCATION: 99 Ware Street

		Drainage	Surface	Severity		Picture	
DEFECT	DESCRIPTION	Area	Туре	Major	Mod	Minor	No.(s)
26	MWRA MH in Subarea KK with vent hole.	600	Asphalt	X			26

SKETCH:





APPENDIX B DYE FLOODING DEFECT LOGS

ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson

DEFECTS:

12 thru 12

OWNER:

Town of Dedham

SUBAREA:

QQ

PROJECT:

Year One Inflow Investigations

DYE FLOOD NO.:

LOCATION:

31 Flanagan Place

CONTRACTOR:

NEPCCO

Smoke Testing Results

Leak No.	Description of Smoke Testing Defects	Drainage Area	Surface Type	Date
12	Catch Basin with light smoke.	925	Asphalt	9/18/13

Dye Flooding Results

Date of Test: 11/7/13

Contractor: New England Pipe Cleaning Co.

Result(s): Negative

Description of test:

Unable to dye flood drain line due to no access for plugging of downstream line. Unable to perform television inspection of drain line due to debris. Unable to perform television inspection of sewer service from manhole

QQ-280 due to 4" pipe.





 ENGINEER:
 Weston & Sampson
 DEFECTS:
 16
 thru
 16

 OWNER:
 Town of Dedham
 SUBAREA:
 GG

PROJECT: Year One Inflow Investigations DYE FLOOD NO.: 2

LOCATION: 100 Robert Road CONTRACTOR: NEPCCO

Smoke Testing Results

Defect No.	Description of Smoke Testing Defects	Drainage Area	Surface Type	Date	
16	Drainage Outfall with Light Smoke.	.0	5 9 8	9/20/13	

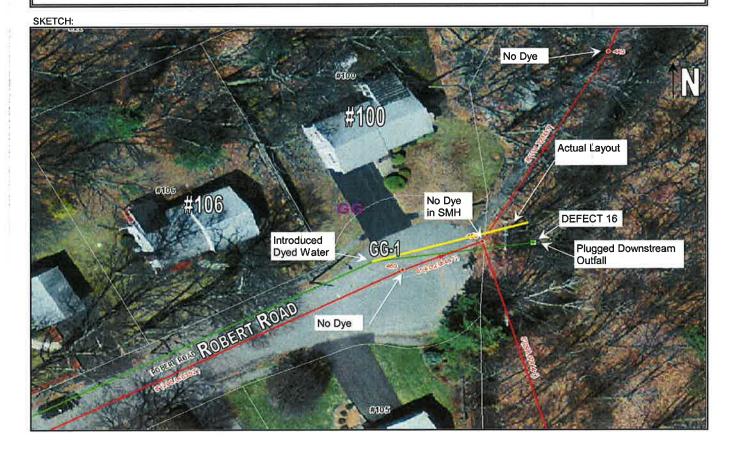
Dye Flooding Results

Date of Test: 11/7/13 Contractor: New England Pipe Cleaning Co. Result(s): Negative

Description of test: Upon plugging and flooding of drain line, dyed water was not observed in the surrounding sewer manholes.

Television inspection from DMH GG-1 towards the drain outfall revealed moderately open joints throughout the

drain line.



ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson DEFECTS: 19 thru 19

OWNER: Town of Dedham SUBAREA: GG

DYE FLOOD NO.:

LOCATION: 27 Highland Street CONTRACTOR: NEPCCO

Year One Inflow Investigations

PROJECT:

Smoke Testing Results

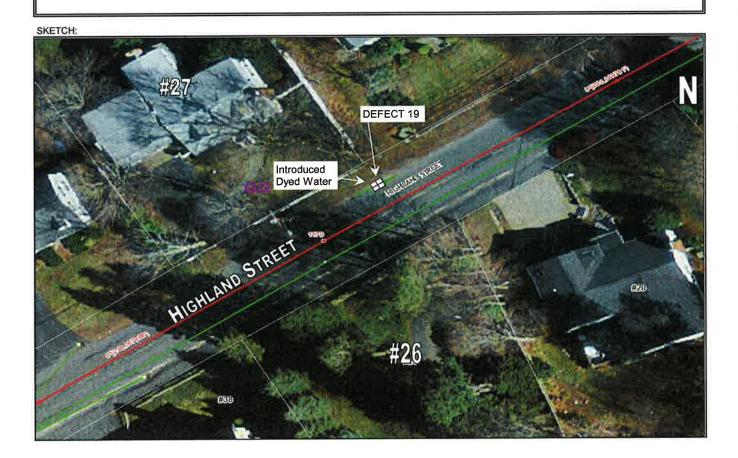
Leak No.	Description of Smoke Testing Defects	Drainage Area	Surface Type	Date
19	Moderate Smoke from Catch Basin Walls	480	Asphalt	9/20/13

Dye Flooding Results

Date of Test: 11/8/13 Contractor: New England Pipe Cleaning Co. Result(s): Negative

Description of test: Plugged incoming and outgoing stubs. Flooded catch basin. No Dye observed. Television Inspection of sewer

line between manhole GG-1170 and GG-1180 was performed revealing no defects.



ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson DEFECTS: S10 thru S10

OWNER: Town of Dedham SUBAREA: SS

PROJECT: Year One Inflow Investigations DYE FLOOD NO.: 4

LOCATION: Monroe Street at East Street CONTRACTOR: NEPCCO

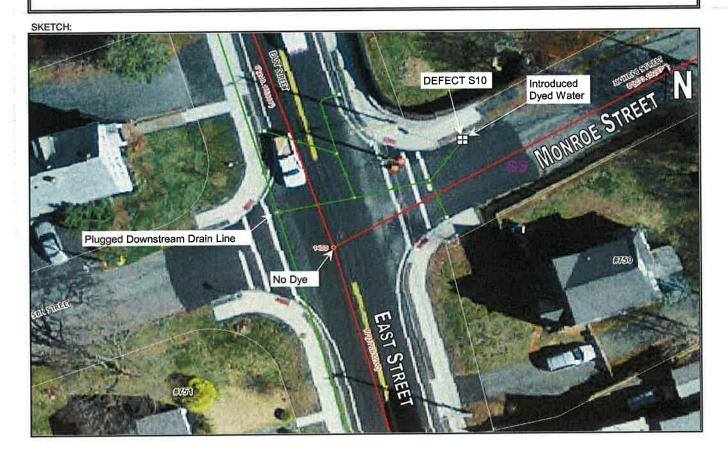
Smoke Testing Results

	Ciliona Tabang Hasa			
Leak No.	Description of Smoke Testing Defects	Drainage Area	Surface Type	Date
S10	Catch Basin with Hood	1,500	Asphalt	

Dye Flooding Results

Date of Test: 11/8/13 Contractor: New England Pipe Cleaning Co. Result(s): Negative

Description of test: Upon flooding and plugging, no dyed water was observed.



ENGINEER:

Weston & Sampson

DEFECTS:

S19 thru S19

OWNER:

Town of Dedham

SUBAREA:

RR

PROJECT:

Year One Inflow Investigations

DYE FLOOD NO.:

LOCATION:

86 Lincoln Street

CONTRACTOR:

NEPCCO

Smoke Testing Results

Leak No.	Description of Smoke Testing Defects	Drainage Area	Surface Type	Date
S19	Two (2) Catch Basins with Hoods	2,160	Asphalt	

Dye Flooding Results

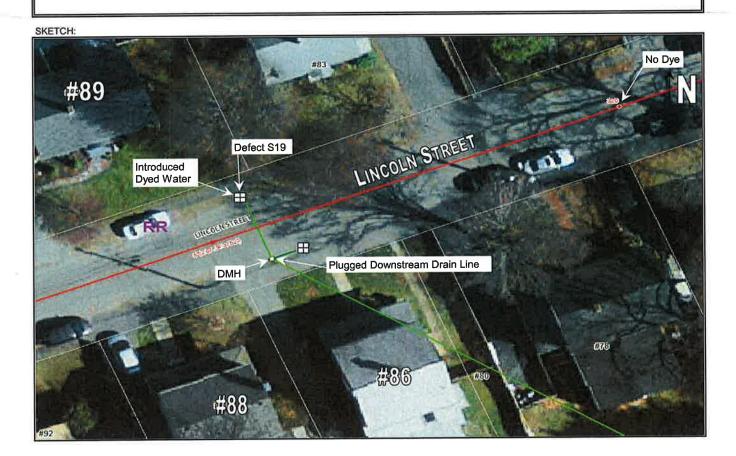
Date of Test: 11/7/13

Contractor: New England Pipe Cleaning Co.

Result(s): Negative

Description of test:

Upon Flooding and plugging, no dyed water was observed at the downstream sewer manhole.



ENGINEER: Weston & Sampson DEFECTS: S24 thru S24

OWNER: Town of Dedham SUBAREA: QQ

PROJECT: Year One Inflow Investigations DYE FLOOD NO.: 6

LOCATION: 408 Whiting Avenue CONTRACTOR: NEPCCO

Smoke Testing Results

Leak No.	Description of Smoke Testing Defects	Drainage Area	Surface Type	Date
S24	Three (3) Catch Basins	25,000	Asphalt	

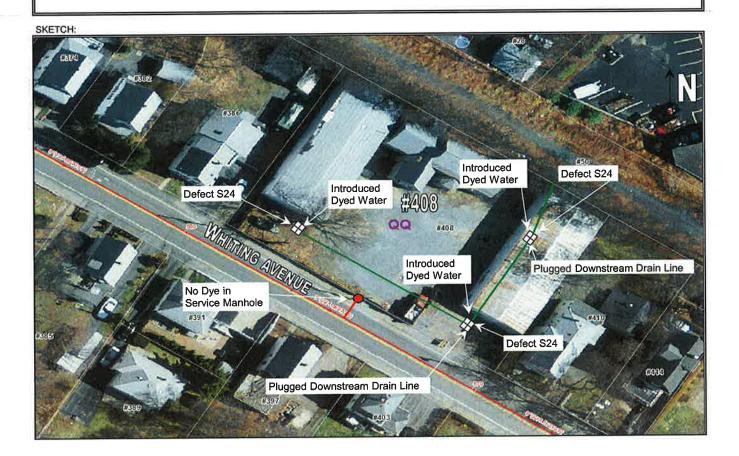
Dye Flooding Results

Date of Test: 11/7/13 Contractor: New England Pipe Cleaning Co. Result(s): Negative

Description of test: Upon dye flooding and plugging, no dyed water was observed in the service manhole. Lot is under construction,

shown buildings no longer exist. Was informed by owner catch basins flow to a leaching field behind the new

building.



APPENDIX C MWRA T&T COSTS RATIONAL EQUATION CONVERSION CONSTRUCTION UNIT COSTS

MEMORANDUM

DATE: December 13, 2013

FROM: Patrick Yeo

TO: File 2130225.A

SUBJECT: T&T costs for Dedham, Massachusetts using MWRA methodology

Fiscal year 2014 Transportation & Treatment (T&T) costs for sewerage in the Town of Dedham can be calculated using both the MWRA Operation & Maintenance (O & M) and Capital charges, and the town's O & M and Capital costs. Therefore, MWRA charges are based mainly on sewage flow exiting the Town of Dedham. MWRA's FY14 sewerage charges to the Town of Dedham are shown in Table A, and Table B shows Dedham's FY14 O & M and Capital costs.

TABLE A - MWRA CHARGES TO THE TOWN OF DEDHAM

ITEM	FLOW (gallons/year)	FLOW (gallons/day)	MWRA CHARGE	COST (\$/GPD)				
Average Strength Flow*								
Annual Wastewater Volume	1,331,867,000	3,648,950	\$1,153,760	\$0.3162				
Total Suspended Solids (O & M and Capital)	1,331,867,000	3,648,950	\$379,483	\$0.1040				
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (O & M and Capital)	1,331,867,000	3,648,950	\$304,523	\$0.0835				
Maximum Monthly Flow	N/A	6,680,000	\$822,351	\$0.1231				
Population **	1,331,867,000	3,648,950	\$2,265,361	N/A				
TOTAL			\$4,925,478	\$0.6268				

NOTE:

^{*}MWRA's charges only apply to average strength flow.

^{**}MWRA's population charges are not flow based, so it is not to be included in T & T cost.

TABLE B – TOWN OF DEDHAM SEWERAGE COSTS

ITEM	FLOW (gallons/year)	FLOW (gallons/day)	DEDHAM COST	COST (\$/GPD)
Debt Service (Capital Costs)	1,331,867,000	3,648,950	\$166,970	\$0.0458
O & M	1,331,867,000	3,648,950	\$1,400,000	\$0.3837
TOTAL			\$1,566,970	\$0.4295

Therefore, the total FY14 T&T cost for both the MWRA charges and the Town of Dedham's costs are 1.0563 /GPD (0.6268 + 0.4295).

According to the Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) Guidelines for Performing I/I Analyses and SSES this cost of \$1.0563/GPD needs to be extended throughout the life of a rehabilitative measure. The life cycle for a rehabilitative measure can be set by good engineering judgement as well as backup documentation, depending on the type of rehabilitation. For this study, Weston & Sampson will use a life cycle of twenty years.

To find the present worth of a rehabilitative measure over a twenty-year period, a discount rate, or annual percentage rate, is required. According to the DEP, the discount rate for FY13 is 4.125%. To calculate the T&T cost in order to account for this twenty-year period, a present worth analysis must be done. The following formula will calculate the present worth of the T&T cost for the next twenty years:

PRESENT WORTH ANALYSIS:

Discount Rate = 4.125% (DEP FY13 Information)

Present Worth Factor:

$$\frac{(1+i)^{n}-1}{i(1+i)^{n}}$$
 where: i = discount rate, or interest rate

$$n = \text{number of years}$$

$$\frac{(1+0.04125)^{20}-1}{0.04125(1+0.04125)^{20}} = 13.44$$

Present Worth T&T Cost:

(Present Worth Factor) x (FY13 T & T cost)

$$13.44 \times \$1.0563/\text{GPD}$$
 = $\$14.20/\text{GPD}$

Therefore, the T&T cost for the Town of Dedham, utilizing a present worth of the rehabilitation for a twenty-year period, with a discount rate of 4.125%, is \$14.20/GPD.

Town of Dedham T&T costs were derived using MWRA sewerage costs.

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ESTIMATED UNIT COSTS FOR REHABILITATION Dedham, MA - Year One Inflow Investigations

RECOMMENDED REHABILITATION METHOD	ESTIMATED COST	RECOMMENDED REHABILITATION METHOD	ESTIMATED COST
CLEAN INGDECT TEGT & CEAL		CURED-IN-PLACE PIPE	
CLEAN, INSPECT, TEST & SEAL Clean, inspect, test & seal (8")	\$8.00 / lf	Reline pipe (8") liner from MH to MH	\$50.00 / lf
l	4,0,00		
CHEMICAL ROOT TREATMENT		CURED-IN-PLACE PIPE (STRUCTURAL)	0.5.00 110
Chemical root treatment (8")	\$1.90 / lf	Reline pipe (8") liner from MH to MH	\$55,00 /1f
MANHOLE REHABILITATION		SHORT LINER	
Build bench & invert	\$650.00 / mh	Short liner (8")	\$375,00 / lf
Cementitious lining (precast/brick/block)	\$130.00 / vf	Structural short liner (8")	\$400.00 / lf
Install inflow dish Repair bench & invert	\$200.00 / mh \$200.00 / mh	SERVICE CONNECTION REHABILITATION	
Repair chimney	\$200.00 / mh	Replacement of wye connection (6" to 36")	\$800.00 / wye
Repair cone	\$200.00 / mh	Cut protruding service	\$650.00 / each
Replace cover	\$250,00 / mh	Grout service at connection with main	\$600.00 / each
Replace frame	\$750.00 / mh	EXCAVATE & REPLACE PIPE	
Replace/Raise/Reset frame & cover Install Watertight Frame and Cover	\$1,000,00 / mh \$1,250.00 / mh	Replace pipe (8")	\$700.00 / lf
Root treatment	\$310.00 / mh	replace pipe (a)	\$70000 Y 12
Seal Invert	\$230.00 / mh	DIRECT CONNECTIONS	
449-14004U		Redirect Roof Leader	\$2,500.00 /each
CLEAN & TELEVISION INSPECTION Clean & TV (6" to 36")	\$2.00 / lf	Redirect Catch Basin Redirect Area or Driveway Drain	\$15,000.00 /each \$7,500.00 /each
Heavy Cleaning (6" to 36")	\$15.00 / If	Redirect Sump Pump	\$5,000.00 /each
TV service connection from mainline to house	\$10.00 / lf	Install Cleanout Cap	\$200.00 /each
		Install Cleanout Cap & Install Sump Pump	\$7,500.00 /each

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